

D1.15 2nd version of the Data Management Plan

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D1.15 2^{nd} version of the Data Management Plan WP 1, T 1.3

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BREakthrough Solutions for Adaptable Envelopes in building Refurbishment EeB-02-2014 RIA



Technical References

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¹ PU = Public

PP = Restricted to other programme participants (including the Commission Services)

RE = Restricted to a group specified by the consortium (including the Commission Services)

CO = Confidential, only for members of the consortium (including the Commission Services)

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0 Summary

This deliverable presents the second version of the Data Management Plan (DMP) and has been produced at M24.

The purpose of the DMP is to provide an analysis of the main elements of the data management policy that will be used by the consortium with regard to all the datasets that will be generated by the project. The DMP is a document outlining how research data will be handled during a research project, and after it is completed. The use of a Data Management Plan is required for projects participating in the Open Research Data Pilot and is recommended for almost any other research project.

The DMP is therefore closely related to the Dissemination Plan.

The BRESAER partners will generate various datasets during the project.

Most of these datasets are related to the technologies that are going to be developed. This raises confidentiality issues: indeed, disclosing too much information would open the door to reverse-engineering from competitors. Additionally, if the project results are to be patented, they should not be published beforehand.

On the other hand, it is in the interest of the partners to disseminate the right amount of data about the performances of the technologies (simulation data, data from the demonstration) in order to maximise the exploitation potential.

A compromise must therefore be found between complete confidentiality, partial publication and Open Research Data, and should also be in line with the Dissemination Plan.





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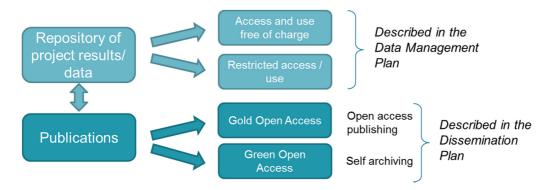
1 Objective

This deliverable presents the second version of the Data Management Plan (DMP) and has been produced at M24.

The purpose of the DMP is to provide an analysis of the main elements of the data management policy that will be used by the consortium with regard to all the datasets that will be generated by the project.

The DMP is a document outlining how research data will be handled during a research project, and after it is completed. It is very important in all aspects for projects participating in the Horizon 2020 Open Research Data Pilot as well as for almost any other research project.

The DMP is closely related to the Dissemination Plan, as pictured below:



2 Background

Data Management Plans (DMPs) have been introduced in the Horizon 2020 Work Programme for 2014-15: A further new element in Horizon 2020 is the use of Data Management Plans (DMPs) detailing what data the project will generate, whether and how it will be exploited or made accessible for verification and re-use, and how it will be curated and preserved. The use of a Data Management Plan is required for projects participating in the Open Research Data Pilot. Other projects are invited to submit a Data Management Plan if relevant for their planned research.

Projects taking part in the Pilot on Open Research Data are required to provide a first version of the DMP as an early deliverable within the first six months of the project. **Projects participating in the pilot as well as projects who submit a DMP on a voluntary basis because it is relevant to their research should ensure that this deliverable is mentioned in the proposal.** Since DMPs are expected to mature during the project, more developed versions of the plan can be included as additional deliverables at later stages. The purpose of the DMP is to support the data management life cycle for all data that will be collected, processed or generated by the project.

3 Updating the DMP

A DMP describes the data management life cycle for all data sets that will be collected, processed or generated by the research project. It is a document outlining how research data will be handled during a research project, and even after the project is completed, describing what data will be collected, processed or generated and following what methodology and standards, whether and how this data will be shared





and/or made open, and how it will be curated and preserved. The DMP is not a fixed document; it evolves and gains more precision and substance during the lifespan of the project.

According to the EC guidelines, the DMP need to be updated at least by the mid-term and final review to fine-tune it to the data generated and the uses identified by the consortium since not all data or potential uses are clear from the start.

The present deliverable is the mid-term update of the DMP. The final review will be produced on M54 and described in D1.16

4 Second version of the Data Management Plan

The 2nd DMP reflects the current status of reflection within the consortium about the data that will be produced.

The points below will be addressed on a dataset by dataset basis:

• Data set reference and name

Identifier for the data set to be produced. (For now only a name is provided. Once the datasets are published/archived, a definitive identifier will be given)

• Data set description

Description of the data that will be generated or collected, its origin (in case it is collected), nature and scale and to whom it could be useful, and whether it underpins a scientific publication. Information on the existence (or not) of similar data and the possibilities for integration and reuse.

• Standards and metadata

Reference to existing suitable standards of the discipline. If these do not exist, an outline on how and what metadata will be created.

Data sharing

In case the dataset cannot be shared, the reasons for this should be mentioned (e.g. ethical, rules of personal data, intellectual property, commercial, privacy-related, security-related).

In the present version of the DMP, since most of the datasets have not been produced yet, two items related to data sharing are described:

- Can the dataset be shared ? (e.g. are there barriers related to confidentiality, privacy, rules of personal data, etc.)
- Can the dataset be re-used within and/or outside the consortium? Only data which underpins published research findings and/or has longer-term value (i.e. can be reused) should be shared.

For the datasets that can be shared and re-used, access procedures will be finalised in the next version of the DMP.

• Archiving and preservation (including storage and backup)

Description of the procedures that will be put in place for long-term preservation of the data. Indication of how long the data should be preserved, what is its approximated end volume, what the associated costs are and how these are planned to be covered.

The list of datasets and their description will be updated in the course of the project.





Data set reference and name	Task	Partner in charge	Data set description	Date of finalisation of data	Standards, format	Can this dataset be shared?	Is this dataset reusable?	Archiving and preservation (including storage and backup) as foreseen today
All weather 240315.xlsm	T2.1	TNO	Collection of heating and cooling degree days information for 109 locations across Europe. This data was sourced from degreedays.net.	M3	.xlsm	YES	YES	Data stored on project folder in TNO network. Also distributed to other project partners involved in Task 2.1.
Database for Geocluster maps	T2.5	TNO	Database / tabulated data for various parameters (such as climate, building stock typology) for regions across the EU and Turkey	M36		Can be shared in principle, if no confidential sources are used (in which case there would be restrictions)	YES	At this stage, within TNO servers. May eventually move to another location depending on final host.
Preliminary simulations results	T2.2	Technion	Data containing energy calculations for basecases defined in T2.2 and energy strategy application (results only!)	M11	.csv and xls (EnergyPlus result files)	Will be partially published in a peer-reviewed paper as synoptic charts. If raw results placed on open database server there must be copyright restrictions	Could be reused for virtual demonstrations.	Initial raw data and data analysis to be preserved by partners at least during duration of the project and 5 years later (for audit), but it can have long term preservation by partners performing energy simulations in their off-line backup devices (ie DVDs, USB storage, private server storage, etc). Volume is 1.16 GB.
Simulation results provided by software tool (energy calculations)	T2.3	Technion	Data containing energy calculations generated by tool to be developed in T2.3 using database approach	M54	Metadata to be defined (mysql database)	To be confirmed	Yes with copyright limitations	Data provided by web application that can be downloaded in the final user computers (such as in a computer program) and resides in an online server that provides the program to the final users.





Simulation results provided by software tool (envelope installation)	T4.4	Technion	Data containing envelope installation aids generated by tool to be developed in T4.4	M54	Metadata to be defined (mysql database and possibly BIM files)	To be confirmed	Yes with copyright limitations	Costs and maintenance of a suitable web server have to be discussed. Volume not known at this time. Data provided by web application that can be downloaded in the final user computers (such as in a computer program) and resides in an online server that provides the program to the final users. Costs and maintenance of a suitable web server have to be discussed. Volume not known at this time.
Analysis and evaluation of the monitored results	T6.2 T6.7 T6.8	Technion	Energy calculations and other information about the demonstration building (MS4, T6.2, T6.7 and T6.8)	M25 (expected)	Csv and xls (trnsys result files)	Related to WP6 MS4 and D6.3 (Public) Could be used as part of a peer-reviewed paper as synoptic chart If raw results placed on open database server there must be copyright restrictions	In principle yes Part of virtual demonstrations	Initial raw data and data analysis to be preserved by partners at least during duration of the project and 5 years later (for audit), but it can have long term preservation by partners performing energy simulations in their off-line backup devices (ie DVDs, USB storage, private server storage, etc). Volume not known at this stage.
Building information	T6.1 T5.3	CARTIF	Those data related to the measurements of the building and the monitoring network.	M54	LonWorks and IFC4 standards based	Raw data cannot be provided because of upcoming EU regulation (rules of	YES, for virtual demonstration	The data will be persistently stored in database and secure backups will be automatically and weekly generated in order to avoid the loss of data.





Tachwalagiag data	TE 2	CARTIE	Data callected from the face de	MEA	PosgreSQL database	personal data). KPIs only For the public: decision to be taken by the building owner Open to the	VEC by the	Additionally, data logs will be maintained to avoid data gaps. This information is easily restored in PostgreSQL database through the backup file. The data will be persistently
Technologies data	T5.3	CARTIF	Data collected from the façade solution technologies for the application of the BEMS control algorithms.	M54	LonWorks standard based whenever possible. PosgreSQL database	consortium. For the public: decision to be taken by the technology owner	YES - by the technology owners only	stored in database and secure backups will be automatically and weekly generated in order to avoid the loss of data. Additionally, data logs will be maintained to avoid data gaps. This information is easily restored in PostgreSQL database through the backup file.
BEMS data	T5.3	CARTIF	Data generated by the BEMS itself: alarms about malfunctioning, calculation results for the optimization and internal data for rendering the calculations.	M54	data model based on IFC4 for the internal performance of the BEMS and its results. PosgreSQL database	Open to the consortium. KPI-related data will be shared as open data (only about performance)	YES - by the technology owners only, with the exception of aggregated data about performance	The data will be persistently stored in database and secure backups will be automatically and weekly generated in order to avoid the loss of data. This information is easily restored in PostgreSQL database through the backup file.
EMI TEST REPORT	T3.7	Mondragon	Reports and analysis associated with photovoltaic module	M27		See later. If successful, to be used as a marketing support for BRESAER	YES (by Mondragon)	Confidential storage by Mondragon





EMI TEST REPORT	T3.7	Solarwall	Preparation of the material	M24	ACCORDING	See later	Yes (by Solarwall)	Confidential storage by
			necessary to carry out different		TO THE		, ,	Solarwall
			tests of the Solarwall material		APPLICATION			
			by EMI		RULES			
EMI TEST REPORT	T3.7	STAM	Reports on tests performed on	M27	ETAG034	Relevant data will be	YES (by STAM for	Internal storage by STAM,
			lightweight insulating panels		Results	disclosed for	commercial	marketing results will be
			coupled with and without		provided in	marketing purposes	purposes)	disclosed through websites
			photovoltaic modules.		.doc and .pdf			
EMI TEST REPORT	T3.7	EURECAT	Reports associated to the test	M27		See later. If	YES (by Eurecat)	Confidential storage by Eurecat
			done to the automatic insulated			successful, to be used		
			blind. Wind test, thermal test			as a marketing		
			and reaction to fire test.			support for BRESAER		
Life cycle analysis		Tecnalia	Type and quantity of material,	M47	ISO 14.040,	NO (commercial)	YES (by	Tecnalia will store the data until
and life cycle cost			cost of material, consumption of		ISO 14025,		consortium)	the end of the project.
data			energy to manufacturing,		ISO 15804.			
			description of the production			See more details	See more details	
			process,			below	below	
Life cycle analysis		Mondragon	LCC-LCA analysis of polymer	M51		See later. If good, to	YES (by	Confidential storage by
and life cycle cost			concrete ventilated facade			be used as a	Mondragon)	Mondragon
data			module			marketing support		
			Example: Type and quantity of			for BRESAER		
			material, cost of material,					
			consumption of energy to					
			manufacturing, description of					
Life cycle analysis	TC 4	STAM	the production process Analysis of costs and	M51	ICO14040 and	Dalawant data will be	YES (by STAM for	Internal storage by CTARA
and life cycle cost		STAIVI	Analysis of costs and environmental impact of	INIOT	ISO14040 and ISO14044	Relevant data will be disclosed for	commercial	Internal storage by STAM, marketing results will be
data			production process for the		Results	marketing purposes		disclosed through websites
uata			integrated solution of insulating		provided in		purposes)	disclosed tillough websites
			panels + PV elements. Raw		.xlsx			
			materials working procedures		(numerical			
			and energy consumption are		results),			
			taken into account.		reports in			
			taken into decount.		.doc and .pdf			
					.doc and .pdf			





Life cycle analysis	T6.4	Solarwall	Analysis of the life cycle of the	M28	See Later	Yes (by Solarwall)	Confidential Storage	by
and life cycle cost			solar system that includes not				Solarwall	
data			only the Solarwall panel but also					
			the structures. For example:					
			quantity of material, energy					
			consumed, manufacturing, etc.					
Life cycle analysis	T6.4	EURECAT	LCC-LCA analysis of automatic	M51	See later. If good, to	YES (by Eurecat)	Confidential storage by Eurec	cat
and life cycle cost			insulated blind.		be used as a			
data			Example: Type and quantity of		marketing support			
			material, cost of material,		for BRESAER			
			consumption of energy to					
			manufacturing, description of					
			the production process					
Data related to	WP3	Mondragon	The result of the project can	M54	See later. Could be	YES (by	Confidential storage	by
BRESAER			provide a new kind of profile or		used as a marketing	Mondragon)	Mondragon	
substructure			substructure that may be		support for BRESAER			
			patented or protected. The					
			system will also generate data,					
			knowledge and information.					

(*) Publications:

Technion has budget assigned for one Gold Open Access publication. There might be another publication related to BRESAER, but this would be under the usual copyright agreement of the editorial houses, that would not entail additional charges to the project.

The Gold Open Access publication is likely to be submitted to one of Elsevier's or Taylor & Francis' publications, which offer a large variety of journals with high impact factor that support gold open access publishing. The definitive journal will be selected based partially on budget and the most advantageous open access agreement.

The topic is likely to be based on Task 2.2 (simulations) and Task 2.3 (design tool).





5 Data sharing policy

Most of the datasets generated by the project are related to the technologies that are developed in the project. This raises confidentiality issues: disclosing too much information would indeed open the door to reverse-engineering by competitors. Additionally, if the project results are to be patented, they should not be published beforehand.

On the other hand, it is in the interest of the partners to disseminate a certain amount of data about the performances of the technologies (simulation data, data from the demonstration) to maximise the exploitation potential.

Datasets that have been collected by partners to perform the analyses such as LCA, Geocluster maps, etc., and are not specific to BRESAER technologies, could also be shared with other similar projects.

A compromise must therefore be found between complete confidentiality, partial publication and Open Research Data. The data sharing strategy is at present provisional and will be refined once the datasets are collected/ generated. Once the strategy is finalised, the DMP will describe how data will be (or have been) shared, including access procedures, embargo periods (if any), outlines of technical mechanisms for dissemination and necessary software and other tools for enabling re-use, and definition of whether access will be widely open or restricted to specific groups. The repository where data is stored will also be identified, indicating in particular the type of repository (institutional, standard repository for the discipline, etc.).

The consortium is at present investigating the opportunity to use the repository suggested by the EC (https://www.zenodo.org).

6 Conclusions

The BRESAER partners will generate various datasets during the project. Most of them are related to BRESAER technologies, which raises confidentiality issues. But datasets which underpin published research findings and/or have longer-term value (i.e. could be reused by other consortia) will be shared, under conditions that will be presented in the final version of the DMP (D1.16, M54).



